

## **OBJECTIVE:**

• Students will explore a variety of current topics in agriculture.

### **DESCRIPTION:**

The Canadian Agriculture Scavenger Hunt for Facts activity first has students apply prior knowledge to make predictions about a variety of current topics in agriculture. Then, students work collaboratively to check and correct predictions by exploring the science-based **snapAg** resources from Agriculture in the Classroom - Canada.

### **MATERIALS NEEDED:**

- snapAg sheets snapAg includes 50+ engaging one-pagers on a variety of topics in agriculture. These can be printed off and placed around the classroom, or students can view them online at <a href="https://aitc-canada.ca/en-ca/learn-about-agriculture">https://aitc-canada.ca/en-ca/learn-about-agriculture</a>
   (See the list of snapAg sheets needed for this activity in the Answer Key below.)
- Canadian Agriculture: Scavenger Hunt for Facts worksheet included in this guide



## **ACTIVITY DIRECTIONS**

- 1. Distribute copies of the Canadian Agriculture Scavenger Hunt for Facts worksheet.
- 2. Activate:
  - a. Have students use their prior knowledge to predict independently, in pairs, or as a class whether each statement on the worksheet is True, False, or they are Unsure.
  - b. Record their predications in the 'Before' column on the worksheet.
  - c. Share and discuss predictions.
- 3. Acquire:
  - a. Distribute one set of snapAg info sheets around the classroom, or have students go to: <a href="https://aitc-canada.ca/en-ca/learn-about-agriculture">https://aitc-canada.ca/en-ca/learn-about-agriculture</a> to view online.
  - b. Students will collaborate to find the facts needed for the scavenger hunt.
  - c. Students record their new knowledge by completing the "After" column on the worksheet.
- 4. Apply:
  - a. Have students rewrite any false statements to make them true.
  - b. Review the worksheet as a class to share and discuss what they learned.





# CANADIAN AGRICULTURE: SCAVENGER HUNT FOR FACTS

# **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. In the 'Before' column, circle your predictions of whether each statement is true (T), false (F) or unsure (U).
- 2. Use the snapAg sheets to research agriculture facts. Then in the 'After' column, record whether each of the statements is true (circle T), false (circle F).
- 3. For each false statement rewrite it so it becomes a true statement.

	BEFORE	AFTER
1. Dairy cows need milking 2-3 times per week.	TFU	T F
2. Factory Farms are large operations with many animals.	TFU	T F
3. Antibiotics are used to treat disease and prevent animal suffering.	TFU	T F
4. Biosecurity includes procedures to prevent farmers and farm visitors from getting sick.	TFU	T F
5. Canada's animal welfare policy recognizes The Four Freedoms to describe the welfare needs of animals.	TFU	T F
6. In Canada, food is tested for antibiotics to make sure it is safe to eat.	TFU	T F
7. Hormone free food has fewer health risks.	TFU	T F
8. Pasturelands used for grazing remove greenhouse gases from the air.	TFU	T F
9. All animal agricultural products and by-products are used for food.	TFU	T F
10. Globally, beef is the primary source of animal protein in human diets.	TFU	T F
11. 78 different fruit and vegetable crops are commercially grown in Canada.	TFU	T F
12. 80% of Canadian Farms are family owned.	TFU	T F
13. All milk sold in Canada has added vitamin D to help the body absorb protein.	TFU	T F
14. White and brown eggs have the same nutritional value.	TFU	T F
15. All eggs sold in Canada are antibiotic and hormone free.	TFU	T F

<ul><li>16. Food additives are used to reduce food waste.</li><li>17. Food loss and waste generates 5% of our global GHG emissions.</li></ul>	TFU	T F
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17. 1 000 1035 and waste generates 376 of our global of the emissions.	TFU	T F
18. A diet rich in whole grains has been shown to reduce the risk of heart disease.	TFU	T F
19. Organic beef must be strictly grass fed which makes it more nutritious.	TFU	T F
20. Dr Louis Pasteur developed pasteurization heating to a high temperature, then cooling rapidly - in 1862 to make milk safe from bacteria.	TFU	T F
21. It is illegal to sell raw milk products in Canada.	TFU	T F
22. No-till farming is a serious cause of soil erosion on modern farms.	TFU	T F
23. Crop rotation is a strategy used by farmers to keep the soil and ecosystem healthy.	TFU	T F
24. New technologies are used to increase yields, but are worse for the environment.	TFU	T F
25. The majority of irrigated farm land in Canada is located in Alberta.	TFU	T F
26. Eating lots of fruits and vegetables, whether grown with or without pesticides, reduces cancer risk.	TFU	T F
27. Organic growers do not use pesticides.	TFU	T F
28. GMO wheat is difficult for humans to digest.	TFU	T F
29. Seedless watermelons are an example of a GMO.	TFU	T F
30. Genetically engineered crops allow farmers to produce more food while reducing the impact on the environment.	TFU	T F
31. Genetic engineering is used to produce insulin and some vaccines.	TFU	T F
32. Most foods have had their genes modified by humans.	TFU	T F
33. GMO foods are less nutritious than non-GMO foods.	TFU	TF

# **ANSWER KEY**

## **RESOURCES**

You will need the following snapAG sheets for this activity:

- Dairy Cows
- The Myth of Factory Farms
- Antibiotics #1 in a series of 3
- Biosecurity
- Welfare or Rights?
- Antibiotics in Food
- Hormones
- Carbon Sequestration
- Farm Animals
- Aquaculture in Canada
- Horticulture in Canada

- Today's Farms
- Dairy in Your Diet
- Eggs
- Food Additives
- Food Waste
- Gluten
- Grass-fed or Grain-finished Beef?
- Milk Pasteurization
- Conservation Tillage
- Crop Rotation
- Grain Farm Technology

- Irrigation
- Pesticides on Foods
- Organic and Synthetic Pesticides
- What are GMOs?
- Advanced Plant Breeding
- GMOs and the Environment
- Genetic Engineering and Human Health
- The History of Plant Breeding
- GMO Foods

Find them them online at <a href="https://aitc-canada.ca/en-ca/learn-about-agriculture">https://aitc-canada.ca/en-ca/learn-about-agriculture</a>

## **ANSWERS**

- Dairy cows need milking 2-3 times per week. F (Dairy Cows)
   Dairy cows need milking 2-3 times per day.
- 2. Factory Farms are large operations with many animals. **F** (The Myth of Factory Farms) Factory Farms don't exist. All farms, large or small are farms not factories.
- 3. Antibiotics are used to treat disease and prevent animal suffering. T (Antibiotics #1 in a series of 3)
- 4. Biosecurity includes procedures to prevent farmers and farm visitors from getting sick. **F** (Biosecurity) Biosecurity includes procedures to prevent livestock and crops from getting sick.
- Canada's animal welfare policy recognizes The Four Freedoms to describe the welfare needs of animals. F
  (Welfare or Rights?)

Canada's animal welfare policy recognizes The Five Freedoms to describe the welfare needs of animals – Freedom:

- from hunger, malnutrition and thirst
- from fear and distress
- from physical and thermal discomfort
- from pain, injury and disease
- to express normal patterns of behavior
- 6. In Canada, food is tested for antibiotics to make sure it is safe to eat. T (Antibiotics in Food)
- Hormone free food has fewer health risks. F (Hormones)
   No food is hormone free. There are no scientific studies that indicate eating beef produced with added hormones has any negative effects on human health.
- 8. Pasturelands used for grazing remove greenhouse gases from the air. T (Carbon Sequestration)
- All animal agricultural products and by-products are used for food. F (Farm Animals)
   Animal agricultural products and by-products are used for many purposes other than food including glue, beauty products, clothing.

- 10. Globally, beef is the primary source of animal protein in human diets. **F** (Aquaculture in Canada) Globally, fish is the primary source of animal protein in human diets.
- 11. 78 different fruit and vegetable crops are commercially grown in Canada. **F** (Horticulture in Canada) 120 different fruit and vegetable crops are commercially grown in Canada.
- 12. 80% of Canadian Farms are family owned. **F** (The Myth of Factory Farms or Today's Farms) 97% of Canadian Farms are family owned.
- 13. All milk sold in Canada has added vitamin D to help the body absorb protein. T (Dairy in Your Diet)
- 14. White and brown eggs have the same nutritional value. **T** (Eggs)
- 15. All eggs sold in Canada are antibiotic and hormone free. T (Eggs)
- 16. Food additives are used to reduce food waste. T (Food Additives)
- 17. Food loss and waste generates 5% of our global GHG emissions. **F** (Food Waste) Food loss and waste generates 8% of our global GHG emissions.
- 18. A diet rich in whole grains has been shown to reduce the risk of heart disease. **T** (Gluten)
- 19. Organic beef must be strictly grass fed which makes it more nutritious. **F** (**Grass-fed or Grain-finished Beef?**) Organic beef must be fed only organically produced feed including grass or grain from organically produced crops. There is no meaningful difference in nutrition of grass-fed and grain-finished beef.
- 20. Dr Louis Pasteur developed pasteurization heating to a high temperature, then cooling rapidly in 1862 to make milk safe from bacteria. **T** (Milk Pasteurization)
- 21. It is illegal to sell raw milk products in Canada. T (Milk Pasteurization)
- 22. No-till farming is a serious cause of soil erosion on modern farms. **F** (Conservation Tillage) No-till farming prevents soil erosion on modern farms.
- 23. Crop rotation is a strategy used by farmers to keep the soil and ecosystem healthy. T (Crop Rotation)
- 24. New technologies are used to increase yields but are worse for the environment. **F** (**Grain Farm Technology**) New technologies are used to increase yields and make farming safer and more environmentally friendly.
- 25. The majority of irrigated farmland in Canada is located in Alberta. T (Irrigation)
- 26. Eating lots of fruits and vegetables, whether grown with or without pesticides, reduces cancer risk. **T** (Pesticides on Foods)
- 27. Organic growers do not use pesticides. **F** (Organic and Synthetic Pesticides)
  Organic growers use pesticides listed on the permitted substances list of organic pesticides.
- 28. GMO wheat is difficult for humans to digest. **F** (What are GMOs?)

  There is no GMO wheat available today and a GMO wheat that is difficult for humans to digest would be not be commercially viable nor would it be approved by the Canadian Food Inspection Agency.
- 29. Seedless watermelons are an example of a GMO. F (Advanced Plant Breeding)
  Seedless watermelons are an example of a hybrid. (Technically speaking since GMO stands for genetically modified organism and seedless watermelon have been modified by cross breeding they are a GMO but they are not genetically engineered.)
- 30. Genetically engineered crops allow farmers to produce more food while reducing the impact on the environment. **T** (**GMOs and the Environment**)
- 31. Genetic engineering is used to produce insulin and some vaccines. **T** (**Genetic Engineering and Human Health**)
- 32. Most foods have had their genes modified by humans. **T** (The History of Plant Breeding & Advanced Plant Breeding & GMO Foods)
- 33. GMO foods are less nutritious than non-GMO foods. **F** (What are GMOs) There is no nutritional difference between a GMO and a non-GMO food.